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may require offerors to submit additional information on the recycled content or related standards. The request for the information must be included in the solicitation. When acquiring commercial items, limit the information to the maximum extent practicable to that available under normal commercial practices.

# 11.303 Special requirements for printing and writing paper.

- (a) Section 505 of Executive Order 13101, Greening the Government through Waste Prevention, Recycling, and Federal Acquisition, establishes minimum recovered material content standards for agency purchases of printing and writing paper. Section 505 requires that 100 percent of an agency's purchases of printing and writing paper must meet or exceed one of the minimum content standards specified in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (b) For high-speed copier paper, offset paper, forms bond, computer printout paper, carbonless paper, file folders, white wove envelopes, writing and office paper, book paper, cotton fiber paper, and cover stock, the minimum content standard must be no less than 30 percent postconsumer materials. If containing 30 paper percent postconsumer material is not reasonably available, does not meet reasonable performance requirements, or is only available at an unreasonable price, then the agency must purchase paper containing no less than 20 percent postconsumer material.

#### 11.304 Contract clause.

Insert the clause at 52.211–5, Material Requirements, in solicitations and contracts for supplies that are not commercial items.

### Subpart 11.4—Delivery or Performance Schedules

SOURCE: 48 FR 42159, Sept. 19, 1983, unless otherwise noted. Redesignated at 60 FR 48241, Sept. 18, 1995.

## 11.401 General.

(a) The time of delivery or performance is an essential contract element and shall be clearly stated in solicitations. Contracting officers shall ensure

that delivery or performance schedules are realistic and meet the requirements of the acquisition. Schedules that are unnecessarily short or difficult to attain—

- (1) Tend to restrict competition,
- (2) Are inconsistent with small business policies, and
- (3) May result in higher contract prices.
- (b) Solicitations shall, except when clearly unnecessary, inform bidders or offerors of the basis on which their bids or proposals will be evaluated with respect to time of delivery or performance.
- (c) If timely delivery or performance is unusually important to the Government, liquidated damages clauses may be used (see subpart 11.5).

[48 FR 42159, Sept. 19, 1983. Redesignated and amended at 60 FR 48241, Sept. 18, 1995]

# 11.402 Factors to consider in establishing schedules.

- (a) Supplies or services. When establishing a contract delivery or performance schedule, consideration shall be given to applicable factors such as the—
  - (1) Urgency of need;
  - (2) Industry practices;
  - (3) Market conditions;
- (4) Transportation time;
- (5) Production time;
- (6) Capabilities of small business concerns;
- (7) Administrative time for obtaining and evaluating offers and for awarding contracts;
- (8) Time for contractors to comply with any conditions precedent to contract performance; and
- (9) Time for the Government to perform its obligations under the contract; e.g., furnishing Government property.
- (b) Construction. When scheduling the time for completion of a construction contract, the contracting officer shall consider applicable factors such as the—
- (1) Nature and complexity of the project;
  - (2) Construction seasons involved;
- (3) Required completion date;
- (4) Availability of materials and equipment;